

## ABSTRACT

### Source Localization of Reaction-Diffusion Models for Brain Tumors

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In this work, we propose a mathematical method for locating the brain tumor source starting from the following reaction diffusion model:

$$\begin{cases} \partial_t u - \operatorname{div}(D(x)\nabla u) - f(u) & = 0 & \text{in } \Omega \times (0, T) \\ u(0) & = \varphi & \text{in } \Omega \\ D\nabla u \cdot n & = 0 & \text{on } \partial\Omega \times (0, T) \end{cases}$$

This equation describes the change over time of the normalised tumour cell density  $u$  as a consequence of two biological phenomena: proliferation and invasion. Our approach consists in recovering the initial spatial distribution of the tumor cells  $\varphi = u(0)$  starting from a later state  $\psi = u(T)$  which can be given by a medical image. For that, we use a regularization method posing the inverse problem as a sequence of well-posed forward problems. Simulation with synthetic images show the accuracy of our approach for locating brain tumor sources.

This work is a joint collaboration with George Baravdish (Linköping University) and Freddie Åström (Heidelberg University).